

DRAFT GUIDE TO VERMONT'S PRESCRIBED PRODUCTS GIFT BAN AND DISCLOSURE LAW FOR 201~~2~~¹ DISCLOSURES

Published by the Vermont Office of the Attorney General – ~~June 30, 2011~~ **INSERT November 1, 2011 DATE** **DRAFT**

Introduction

Vermont law bans most gifts and requires manufacturers of prescribed products – including pharmaceuticals, biological products, and medical devices – to register with the Attorney General's Office and disclose allowable expenditures made and permitted gifts given to Vermont ~~health care provider~~HCPs and other recipients. ~~Effective January 1, 2011,~~ Vermont law also requires manufacturers to disclose the distribution of samples of prescribed products to Vermont ~~health care provider~~HCPs. Under Vermont law, "sample" includes starter packs, coupons, and vouchers that enable an individual to receive a prescribed product free of charge or at a discounted price.

The Vermont Legislature has recently passed amendments to the prescribed product law. Among other things, those amendments change the reporting period for disclosures of allowable expenditures and permitted gifts. Thus, ~~whereas disclosures of allowable expenditures and permitted gifts used to be made on a fiscal year, on or before April 1, 2012, manufacturers must disclose expenditures and gifts given during the last half of 2011 (July 1, 2011 through December 31, 2011). April 1, 2012 is also the deadline for disclosing samples that were distributed during 2011 (January 1, 2011 through December 31, 2011). Thereafter,~~ starting in ~~April~~ 2013, all disclosures of allowable expenditures, permitted gifts, and samples must be made on or before April 1 for the previous calendar year.

~~Previously, guidance regarding (1) the gift ban and disclosure of allowable expenditures and permitted gifts and (2) the samples disclosure requirement, has been published in separate guides. To simplify the process of disclosure, and in accordance with the industry's expressed preference, the Office will now publish one comprehensive guide.~~

A Note on Preemption

Please read this guidance carefully as it reflects changes in Vermont law and interpretation since the ~~latest versions of the applicable 2011 G~~guides. This guide must be read in conjunction with Vermont law, which is available at the Office's website at www.atg.state.vt.us. We recommend you consult with counsel regarding nuanced questions.

Effective January 1, 2012, some of Vermont's disclosure requirements will be preempted by federal law. In short, while the gift ban and samples reporting will not be affected, Vermont will no longer be able to require manufacturers to disclose those allowable expenditures and permitted gifts which must also be reported to the federal government under the Physician Payments Sunshine Provision (§ 6002) of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (Pub. L. No. 11-148). The federal law is narrower than Vermont's law

in several ways, however; for example, only physicians and teaching hospitals are covered recipients under the federal law. Therefore, manufacturers must take care to make all non-preempted disclosures regarding allowable expenditures and permitted gifts.

The federal law does not prohibit manufacturers from making duplicative disclosures to states, it simply prohibits the states from requiring duplicative disclosures. At this time, the Office will accept such duplicative disclosures.

Contents

I. Threshold Questions	<u>32</u>
a. Covered Manufacturers	<u>32</u>
i. What companies must comply with Vermont’s law?	<u>32</u>
ii. What are prescribed products?	<u>43</u>
b. Covered Recipients	4
i. Which recipients fall under Vermont’s law?	4
ii. Who are Vermont health care providers?	<u>54</u>
c. <u>Location of Expenditure</u>	<u>6</u>
d. <u>Expenditure Types</u>	<u>65</u>
<u>Table of Gift Ban and Reporting Requirements</u>	<u>75</u>
II. Reporting Allowable Expenditures and Permitted Gifts	<u>1013</u>
a. Instructions for Completing Reporting	<u>1113</u>
<i>A Note on Special Rules for Clinical Trials</i>	<u>1518</u>
III. Reporting Samples	<u>2017</u>
a. Rule for Reporting	<u>2117</u>
b. Instructions for Completing Reporting	<u>2118</u>
IV. Registration and Reporting Deadlines	<u>2621</u>
V. Public Disclosure of Reported Information	<u>2824</u>
VI. Penalties for Gift Ban Violations and Failures to Report	<u>2924</u>
<u>APPENDIX A: Examples of Disclosures for Sample and Over The Counter Product Distribution</u>	<u>29</u>

I. Threshold Questions

a. *Covered Manufacturers*

i. *What companies must comply with Vermont's law?*

General Rule:

Manufacturers of prescribed products – i.e. manufacturers of pharmaceuticals, biological products, and medical devices, and any other person or company engaged in the production, preparation, propagation, compounding, processing, packaging, repacking, distributing, labeling, or marketing of prescribed products for humans – must comply with the gift ban, and must disclose to the Vermont Attorney General certain expenditures and the distribution of samples to Vermont health care providers and other institutions and organizations.

Manufacturers must abide by the prescribed product gift ban and disclosure law regardless of whether the manufacturer is also required to be licensed by the Vermont Board of Pharmacy.

If a manufacturer has multiple divisions, some of which market prescribed products to Vermont health care providers and institutions, and some of which do not, the entire company is bound by the Vermont gift ban and must report allowable expenditures, permitted gifts, and samples.

Wholesale Distributors and Retailers:

Wholesale distributors of medical devices are “manufacturers” under Vermont law. Consequently, both the manufacturer and the wholesaler are liable for complying with Vermont law. Either may report expenditures, in the manufacturer’s name, but any particular expenditure shall be reported only once. Wholesale distributors of prescription drugs and biological products, as well as retailers and pharmacists licensed under Chapter 36 of Title 26, Vermont Statutes Annotated, are not “manufacturers” under the law.

An entity that does not manufacture but is *only* a retailer of a prescribed product does not fall under the statute. For example, a retailer of medical oxygen or medical devices is not subject to the gift ban and need not report to the Attorney General.

Medical Devices:

Manufacturers whose *only* prescribed products are (1) classified as Class I by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration, (2) exempt from pre-market notification under Section 501(k) of the federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, and (3) are sold over-the-counter without a prescription, are not “manufacturers” under the law. All other manufacturers – e.g., manufacturers of both Class I and Class II prescribed products – are “manufacturers” under the law and must report all expenditures (including those related to Class I devices).

The federal definition of “device,” incorporated into Vermont law at 18 V.S.A. § 4631a(a)(12), includes components of medical devices. 21 U.S.C. § 321(h). Nevertheless, Vermont does not

consider a manufacturer of components that are eventually incorporated into medical devices to be a “manufacturer” for purposes of the Vermont gift ban and disclosure law unless the manufacturer also fabricates the final product.

Mergers and Acquisitions:

If two manufacturers merge or one manufacturer purchases another during the reporting period, by sending an email to the prescribed products address (prescribedproducts@atg.state.vt.us) with “merger/acquisition” in the subject line, the resulting manufacturer should (1) notify the Attorney General’s Office of the names of the merging manufacturers and the date of merger, and (2) complete a new Compliance Officer Form, if necessary, to advise the Office as to who will be responsible for disclosures.

Merging and acquiring manufacturers should take care to obtain the information that will need to be disclosed at the time of transfer and report that information on the regular schedule for disclosure. Merging and acquiring manufacturers should notify the Attorney General’s Office at the time of the transfer if they anticipate having any difficulty in meeting the reporting deadlines, due to having acquired or merged with a previously non-reporting entity, or for other reasons.

ii. *What are prescribed products?*

A “prescribed product” is “a drug or device as defined in section 201 of the federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C. § 321, a compound drug or drugs, or a biological product as defined in section 351 of the Public Health Service Act, 42 U.S.C. § 262, for human use.”

Note that combination products must also be reported. The federal definition of “combination product” is available at 21 C.F.R. § 3.2(e).

A company that manufactures *only* products that do not fit within the prescribed product definition above does not need to report.

Examples of Prescribed Products: Medical oxygen, medical food products, and a CT scanner.

b. *Covered Recipients*

i. *Which recipients fall under Vermont’s law?*

Expenditures from manufacturers of prescribed products to the following recipients are regulated by Vermont’s prescribed products law:

- —Vermont health care providers, including health care professionals ([see the next subsection](#))
- Academic institutions located in or providing services in Vermont
- Nonprofit hospital foundations located in or providing services in Vermont
- Professional, educational, and patient organizations representing or serving health care providers or consumers located in or providing services in Vermont

- Members of the Green Mountain Care Board (see the next subsection)

For purposes of complying with Vermont’s disclosure law, manufacturers do not have to keep track of expenditures to recipients who do not fall within the above categories.

ii. Who are Vermont health care providers?

A “health care provider” (HCP) is a health care professional, a hospital, nursing home, pharmacist, health benefit plan administrator, or any other person authorized to dispense or purchase for distribution prescribed products in Vermont. A hospital foundation that is organized as a nonprofit entity separate from a hospital is not a ~~health care provider~~HCP.

A “health care professional” is any of the following:

1. A person who regularly practices in Vermont, and
 - a. is authorized by law to prescribe or recommend prescribed products (such as a licensed clinical social worker or a licensed psychologist), *and*
 - b. is licensed or otherwise lawfully providing health care in Vermont; or
2. A partnership or corporation made up of persons described in 1. above; or
3. An officer, employee, agent, or contractor of a person described in 1. Above, or a partnership or corporation made up of such persons, who is acting in the course and scope of employment providing health care to individuals, including nursing and front office staff.

Neither term includes a person employed solely by a manufacturer of prescribed products.

Members of the Green Mountain Care ~~Bb~~board, established in 2011 as part of Vermont’s health care reform package, are treated the same as ~~health care providers~~HCPs under Vermont’s Prescribed Product Law. The members of the Board, and the identification numbers that should be used in any disclosures related to them, are as follows:

[Anya Rader Wallack \(Chair\) 999-0000001](#)

[Al Gobellie 999-0000002](#)

[Dr. Karen Hein 999-0000003](#)

[Con Hogan 999-0000004](#)

[Dr. Allan Ramsey 999-000000](#)

The term “regularly practices in Vermont” will require some judgment on the part of the reporting entity. An orthopedic surgeon who provides medical care in Vermont for one week out of every year “regularly practices in Vermont”; one who practices in Vermont one week one year and another week some years later, under separate agreements and with no planned interval in between, does not.

If audited, a manufacturer should be able to demonstrate through documentation how it arrived at the conclusion that a health care professional does not regularly practice in Vermont.

c. Location of Expenditure

Note that expenditures to covered recipients fall under the law whether or not the expense is incurred in Vermont. In other words, a Vermont ~~health care provider~~HCP is a Vermont ~~health care provider~~HCP whether or not the expenditure took place in Vermont. So, for example:

- The expense of a hotel room for a Vermont ~~health care provider~~HCP who is on the faculty of a conference outside Vermont must be reported as an allowable expenditure.
- Taking a physician who regularly practices in Vermont out to dinner in New Hampshire is a banned gift.

e.d. Expenditure Types

Expenditures regulated by Vermont’s prescribed products law fall into four categories:

- Banned gifts (including, e.g., food, compensation for marketing research)
- Permitted gifts
- Allowable expenditures
- Samples (see Section III. for definition)

Expenditures and gifts not permitted by Vermont law are banned. Whether an expenditure has to be reported depends on both the recipient and the nature of the expenditure. Below is a table of gift ban and reporting requirements indicating, by category, whether expenditures or gifts are permissible, what the reporting requirement is, if any, and relevant citations.

Table of Gift Ban and Reporting Requirements

Expenditure	Health Care Provider Recipients		Non-HCP Recipients*
	Allowed?	Reporting Required?	Reporting Required?
Clinical Trials / Research			
Bona Funding a bona fide clinical trial expenses in the form of (1) gross compensation for the Vermont location or locations involved, (2) direct salary support per principal investigator and other health care professionals per year, and (3) expenses paid on behalf of investigators or other health care professionals paid to review the clinical trial.	Yes; 18 V.S.A. § 4631a(a)(1)(C)	Yes (as <u>Cash, Check, Credit</u> ; Bona fide Clinical Trial); 18 V.S.A. § 4632(a)(1)(A)(iii)	Yes (same); 18 V.S.A. § 4632(a)(1)(C)
Funding a r Research project of significant interest or value to scientists or health care professionals in the form of; limited to (1) gross compensation; (2) direct salary support per health care professional; and (3) expenses paid on behalf of each health care professional.	Yes; 18 V.S.A. § 4631a(a)(1)(D)	Yes (as <u>Cash, Check, Credit</u> ; Research Project); 18 V.S.A. § 4632(a)(1)(A)	Yes (same); 18 V.S.A. § 4632(a)(1)(C)
Payment for o Other Research, including marketing surveys.	No; 18 V.S.A. § 4631a(c)	N/A	Yes (as <u>Cash, Check, Credit</u> ; Other FMV Payment); 18 V.S.A. § 4632(a)(1)(C)
Payment for completed research conducted by a syndicated research firm which compensated HCPs during the course of the research.	Yes, as long as the research firm conducted the research independently of the manufacturer and not as the agent of the manufacturer (<u>in which case there is no covered exchange between a manufacturer and a recipient</u>); 18 V.S.A. § 4631a(a) (9) <u>b(1)</u>	N/A	N/A
Conferences / Seminars / Promotional Events/ Professional Association Events			
Providing d Discount coupon, or voucher,	No; 18 V.S.A.	N/A	N/A

*Non-HCP recipients include academic institutions, nonprofit hospital foundations, and professional, educational, or patient organizations representing or serving health care professionals or consumers located in or providing services in Vermont.

	Health Care Provider Recipients		Non-HCP Recipients*
Expenditure	Allowed?	Reporting Required?	Reporting Required?
for conference or annual meeting.	§§ 4631a(a)(5), 4631a(b)(1)		
<u>Payment of honoraria</u> and <u>payment of the expenses</u> of a health care professional serving in the faculty at a bona fide significant educational, medical, scientific, or policy-making conference or seminar.	Yes, provided statutory requirements are met; 18 V.S.A. § 4631a(a)(1)(B)	Yes (as <u>Cash, Check, Credit</u> ; Faculty Honoraria <u>or Expense</u>); 18 V.S.A. § 4632(a)(1)(A)	N/A
<u>Providing scholarship</u> or other support for medical students, residents, and fellows to attend a significant educational, scientific, or policy-making conference or seminar of a national, regional, or specialty medical or other professional association.	Yes, if the recipient of the scholarship or other support is selected by the association; 18 V.S.A. § 4631a(b)(2)(E)	Yes (as <u>Cash, Check, Credit</u> ; Scholarship/ <u>Fellowship</u>); 18 V.S.A. § 4632(a)(1)(A)	N/A
Fair market value payments for <u>promotional speaking</u> .	Yes; 18 V.S.A. § 4631a(a)(1)(H)	Yes (as <u>Cash, Check, Credit</u> ; Other FMV Payment); 18 V.S.A. § 4632(a)(1)(A)	N/A
<u>Sponsorship</u> of a significant educational, medical, scientific, or policy-making conference or seminar.	Yes, but payment must not go directly to a health care professional or pharmacist, and conference must meet statutory requirements; 18 V.S.A. § 4631a(a)(1)(A)	Yes (as <u>Cash, Check, Credit</u> ; Conference Sponsorship); 18 V.S.A. § 4632(a)(1)(A)	Yes (same); 18 V.S.A. § 4632(a)(1)(C)
<u>Donating items, such as iPads, to a professional association to be raffled off to HCPs at a conference, seminar, or professional association event.</u>	<u>No</u> ; 18 V.S.A. §§ 4631a(a)(5), 4631a(b)(1)	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>
Educational Materials			
<u>Articles or journals and other educational items</u> provided to a health care provider HCP (peer-reviewed academic, scientific, or clinical articles or journals, brochures, posters or other items that serve a genuine educational function and are for the benefit of patients) <u>whether individually, through a practice, or by distribution at conferences or seminars, for example.</u>	Yes; 18 V.S.A. § 4631a(b)(2)(D)	Yes (as <u>Educational Materials</u> ; Educational Materials); 18 V.S.A. § 4632(a)(1)(A)	Yes (same); 18 V.S.A. § 4632(a)(1)(C)
Financial Contributions			
<u>Financial contributions to Vermont recipients other than free clinics.</u>	No; 18 V.S.A. §§ 4631a(a)(5), 4631a(b)(1)	N/A	Yes (as <u>Cash, Check, Credit</u> ; Gift to Institution/

Expenditure	Health Care Provider Recipients		Non-HCP Recipients*
	Allowed?	Reporting Required?	Reporting Required?
			Organization); 18 V.S.A. § 4632(a)(1)(C)
Financial contributions to a free clinic.	Yes; 18 V.S.A. § 4631a(b)(2)(H)	Yes (as <u>Cash, Check, Credit</u> ; Gift to Institution/ Organization); 18 V.S.A. § 4632(a)(1)(A)	N/A
Financial contributions to national and international charitable patient advocacy groups or organizations that serve patients such as Leukemia and Lymphoma Society, Susan G. Komen for the Cure, and Doctors Without Borders	Yes; 18 V.S.A. §§ 4631a(a)(8); (b)(1)N/A	N/A	No; the Office does not require reporting of financial contributions to national and international organizations, only Vermont organizations, or Vermont chapters of national or international organizations; 18 V.S.A. § 4632(a)(1)(C)
<u>Donations made on behalf of a HCP with the HCP's knowledge, whether or not the donation is attributed to the HCP by name.</u>	No; 18 V.S.A. §§ 4631a(a)(5); 4631a(b)(1)	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>
Food			
Dinner at a seminar or conference at which the meal is organized and paid for by the manufacturer.	No; 18 V.S.A. §§ 4631a(a)(5), 4631a(b)(1)	N/A	N/A
Food to HCP or staff , including but not limited to the following: lunch provided in a doctor's office at which information on a drug is discussed; coffee and donuts for non-prescribing staff in a physician's office in Vermont; dinner provided in New Hampshire to a physician who regularly practices in Vermont; food provided at a manufacturer's display in Vermont other than at of a conference or seminar.	No, unless the HCP reimburses the manufacturer for fair market value of the food; 18 V.S.A. §§ 4631a(a)(5)(B)(ii), 4631a(b)(1)	No. An expenditure that has been reimbursed is neither a permitted gift nor an allowable expenditure and need not be reported.	N/A
Refreshments , including coffee or other snacks at a booth at a conference or seminar.	Yes; 18 V.S.A. § 4631a(b)(2)(K)	No; 18 V.S.A. § 4632(a)(1)(A)(v)	N/A
Medical Devices			
Loan of a medical device for a short-term trial period, not to exceed 120 days, to permit evaluation of a medical device by a health	Yes; 18 V.S.A. § 4631a(b)(2)(B)	Yes (as <u>Loan of Medical Device</u> ; Medical Device –	Yes (same); 18 V.S.A. § 4632(a)(1)(A)(vi) unless

*Non-HCP recipients include academic institutions, nonprofit hospital foundations, and professional, educational, or patient organizations representing or serving health care professionals or consumers located in or providing services in Vermont.

	Health Care Provider Recipients		Non-HCP Recipients*
Expenditure	Allowed?	Reporting Required?	Reporting Required?
care provider HCP or patient.		Loans, Demos); 18 V.S.A. § 4632(a)(1)(A)(vi) unless the loan results in the purchase, lease, or other comparable arrangement of the medical device after issuance of a certificate of need pursuant to chapter 221, subchapter 5 of Title 18, in which case the loan need not be reported; 18 V.S.A. § 4632(a)(1)(A)(vi)	the loan results in the purchase, lease, or other comparable arrangement of the medical device after issuance of a certificate of need pursuant to chapter 221, subchapter 5 of Title 18, in which case the loan need not be reported; 18 V.S.A. § 4632(a)(1)(A)(vi)
Placing m Medical devices placed with recipient for use during term of contract for purchase of related items. Capital placed with a recipient for usage without payment based on a signed agreement that the recipient will purchase a set quantity of a related consumable at a set price over the course of a period of time, where, at the end of the term of the agreement, the capital is returned to the manufacturer.	Yes; 18 V.S.A. § 4631a(a)(5)	No; 18 V.S.A. § 4632(a)(1)(A)	No; 18 V.S.A. § 4632(a)(1)(C)
Payment of r Reasonable expenses - including food, travel, and lodging-related expenses - necessary for technical training of individual health care professionals on the use of a medical device if the commitment to provide such expenses and the amounts or categories of reasonable expenses to be paid are described in a written agreement between the health care provider and the manufacturer.	Yes, <u>if the commitment to provide such expenses and the amounts or categories of reasonable expenses to be paid are described in a written agreement between the HCP and the manufacturer</u> ; 18 V.S.A. § 4631a(a)(1)(E)	Yes (as <u>Cash, Check, Credit</u> ; Medical Device Training); 18 V.S.A. § 4632(a)(1)(A)	N/A
Provision of r Reasonable quantities of medical device demonstration or evaluation units to a health care provider HCP to assess the appropriate use and function of the product and determine whether and when to use or recommend the product in the future (<u>typically for patient education or single-use instruments</u>). These	Yes; 18 V.S.A. § 4631a(b)(2)(C)	Yes (as <u>Demo/Evaluation Unit</u> ; Medical Device – Loans, Demos); 18 V.S.A. § 4632(a)(1)(A)	N/A

*Non-HCP recipients include academic institutions, nonprofit hospital foundations, and professional, educational, or patient organizations representing or serving health care professionals or consumers located in or providing services in Vermont.

Expenditure	Health Care Provider Recipients		Non-HCP Recipients*
	Allowed?	Reporting Required?	Reporting Required?
devices are typically provided for patient education purposes or as a single-use instrument.			
Samples / Free Products			
Distribution of s <u>Distribution of samples of— i.e., units of</u> prescribed products, including starter packs and coupons or other vouchers that enable an individual to receive a prescribed product free of charge or at a discounted price, for distribution to patients-, that are distributed for free to patients and are intended to promote the sale of the product.	Yes; 18 V.S.A. § 4631a(b)(2)(A)	Yes (using <i>samples</i> form/database); 18 V.S.A. § 4632(a)(2)(A)(i) (Individual reports will not be disclosed to public.)	Yes (as <u>Gift to Institution/ Organization/ Other Product - Prescribed; Free Distribution to Patients</u>); 18 V.S.A. § 4632(a)(1)(C) (<u>Individual reports will not be disclosed to public.</u>)
Donation to a free clinic of free -prescription drugs or over-the-counter drugs, medical devices, biological products, medical equipment or medical supplies.	Yes; 18 V.S.A. § 4631a(b)(2)(H)	Yes (as <u>Gift to Institution/ Organization/ Other Product - Prescribed or Other Product – OTC; free Distribution to Patients</u>); 18 V.S.A. § 4632(a)(1)(A) (<u>Individual reports will not be disclosed to public.</u>)	N/A
Free non-prescribed product – i.e., – over-the-counter drugs, nonprescription medical devices or- nonprescription durable medical equipment – provided to a health care provider <u>HCP</u> for free distribution to patients.	Yes, but only of reasonable quantities, unless to a free clinic; 18 V.S.A. § 4631a(b)(2)(A)	Yes (as <u>Other/Other Product-OTC; Free Distribution to Patients</u>); 18 V.S.A. § 4632(a)(1)(B). (Individual reports will not be disclosed to public.)	N/A
Prescription drugs provided through the manufacturer's patient assistance program for free or at a reduced price (including, e.g., through co-pay assistance).	Yes; 18 V.S.A. § 4631a(b)(2)(I)	No; 18 V.S.A. § 4632(a)(1)(A)(vii)	N/A
<u>Coupons, vouchers and discount cards distributed through pharmacies</u>	<u>Yes; 18 V.S.A. § 4631a(b)(2)(A)</u>	<u>Yes (using samples form/database); 18 V.S.A. § 4632(a)(2)(A)(i) (Individual reports will not be</u>	<u>N/A</u>

Expenditure	Health Care Provider Recipients		Non-HCP Recipients*
	Allowed?	Reporting Required?	Reporting Required?
		<u>disclosed to public.</u>	
<u>Distribution of prescribed product through qualifying Clinical Trials and Research Projects</u>	<u>Yes; the Office does not consider the distribution of such items to be a gift.</u>	<u>No.</u>	<u>No.</u>
Rebates and discounts for prescribed products provided in the normal course of business.	Yes; 18 V.S.A. § 4631a(b)(2)(F)	No; 18 V.S.A. § 4632(a)(1)(A)(ii)	No; 18 V.S.A. § 4632(a)(1)(C)(ii)
Miscellaneous			
Fellowship for a Residency.	Yes, if it meets the four criteria of 18 V.S.A. § 4631a(b)(2)(J)	Yes (as <u>Cash, Check, Credit; Other Scholarship/ Fellowship</u>); 18 V.S.A. § 4632(a)(1)(A)	N/A
Membership fees/dues paid by a manufacturer to a professional, educational or patient organization.	N/A	N/A	Yes, for organizations representing or serving <u>health care providers HCPs</u> or consumers in Vermont (as <u>Other Cash, Check, Credit; Other FMV Payment</u>); 18 V.S.A. § 4632(a)(1)(C)
Reasonable expenses related to the interview by a manufacturer of prescribed products in connection with a bona fide employment opportunity.	Yes; 18 V.S.A. § 4631a(a)(1)(G)	No; 18 V.S.A. § 4632(a)(1)(A)(iv)	N/A
Labels on prescribed products <u>required by FDA.</u>	Yes. <u>18 V.S.A. § 4631a(b)(2)(G) Required by FDA.</u>	No; the Office does not consider this a gift or allowable expenditure requiring reporting.	No; the Office does not consider this a gift or allowable expenditure requiring reporting.
Royalties and licensing fees paid to a <u>health care provider HCP</u> in return for contractual rights to use or purchase a patented or otherwise legally recognized discovery for which the <u>health care provider HCP</u> holds an ownership right.	Yes; 18 V.S.A. § 4631a(a)(1)(F)	No; 18 V.S.A. § 4632(a)(1)(A)(i)	No; 18 V.S.A. § 4632(a)(1)(C)(i)
Expenses for manufacturers' employees' health care	Yes; 18 V.S.A. § 4631a(a)(1)(G)	No; 18 V.S.A. § 4632(a)(1)(A)(iv)	N/A

II. Reporting Allowable Expenditures and Permitted Gifts

The “value, nature, and purpose, and recipient information” of most permitted gifts or allowable expenditures to a covered recipient must be disclosed to the Vermont Office of the Attorney General, as well as the prescribed product or products being marketed, if any.

~~Reporting of Distributions through Patient Assistance Programs: We will not require reporting of distributions through Patient Assistance Programs for past years, including FY11 (July 1, 2010—June 30, 2011), even though the statutory provision eliminating Patient Assistance Program reporting does not go into effect until July 1, 2011.~~

~~Samples Reporting of Distribution of Product through Clinical Trials and Research Projects. The Office no longer considers the distribution of prescribed product through qualifying clinical trials or research projects to be a gift, and therefore no longer requires such distributions to be reported. The Office also will not require reporting of these distributions for past years, including 2011 (July 1, 2011 through December 31, 2011). distributed through clinical trials or qualifying research projects~~

Donations of prescribed product to free clinics should not be included in the Samples Access database or Samples Disclosures Form, but must be reported with disclosures of allowable expenditures and permitted gifts.

a. *Instructions for Completing Reporting*

An [Access database](#) and a [disclosure form](#) for the reporting of allowable expenditures and permitted gifts are available on the Vermont Attorney General’s website, www.atg.state.vt.us. Each disclosure form covers expenditures relating to up to five prescribed products ~~to and~~ one ~~health care provider~~HCP on one day. Manufacturers are encouraged to use the Access database as the more efficient method of compiling and submitting the data to the Attorney General.

Name of Manufacturer:

See above for details on which manufacturers must report allowable expenditures and permitted gifts.

Disclosures should be made in the corporate name of the entity making the expenditures. Thus, if the manufacturer makes expenditures through a division, those expenditures should be reported in the manufacturer’s corporate name, not in the name of the division. However, if the manufacturer of prescribed products markets those products through a subsidiary, the expenditures should be reported in the corporate name of the subsidiary. Disclosures should not be made in the name of a corporation’s “aka” or “dba.”

If a manufacturer has a marketing agreement with another company which is *not* a subsidiary or a manufacturer under the law, either the manufacturer or the other company can report the expenditures, but not both; expenditures shall be reported in the manufacturer’s name.

In cases in which a manufacturer has a marketing agreement with a company which is *not* a subsidiary and also constitutes a manufacturer under the law, both manufacturers are liable for reporting the expenditures. However, only one manufacturer needs to report; the expenditures shall be reported in the name of the “owner”/NDA-holder manufacturer as opposed to the partner manufacturer.

Name and License/ID Number of Recipient:

For Individuals:

Fill in the last name, first name, and middle initial of the recipient, as well as the state license number of the recipient.

In order to ensure recipients are accurately identified, manufacturers must include the Vermont license number of the health care professional or pharmacist. *All license numbers are in the form of three digits, dash, seven digits (i.e. xxx-xxxxxxx).*

Multi-Prescriber Practices: Reporting for multi-prescriber practices is not allowed except for expenditures for clinical trials. (See “Value/Amount of Expenditure,” below for how to report expenditures to practices.)

Front-Office Staff: All permitted gifts and allowable expenditures made to an individual must be allocated to a prescriber or prescribers, even when the immediate recipient is front office staff. When there is only one prescriber in a practice, the expenditure or gift should be attributed to her. In cases in which there is more than one prescriber in a practice, however, the gift or expenditure must be allocated among the prescribers to which it is relevant. For example, if the permitted gift of a reasonable quantity of over the counter anti-inflammatory medication is handed out at a training which includes front office staff of a practice that includes three orthopedic surgeons, that gift would properly be divided between the three surgeons, but should not be attributed to any psychiatrists in the practice. See “Value/Amount of Expenditure,” below for more examples.)

The Access database includes a table of the names and license numbers of ~~health care providers~~ HCPs with active licenses ~~as of~~ on July 1, 2011. You may also use the “[Table of Health Care Professionals with Active Vermont Licenses](#)” located at www.atg.state.vt.us to assure accuracy of name and license number. *Caution: This table is meant to be a helpful resource for looking up a HCP’s license number, not as an exclusive list of HCPs that constitute covered recipients under the law. The table is merely a snapshot of who had an active Vermont license on a particular day not a complete list of who has practiced under a Vermont license during the course of an entire reporting period.*

If a recipient is not on ~~that the~~ table, check the following websites, or obtain from the recipient the correct name and license number under which the recipient is providing health care services in Vermont.

License numbers for physicians, physician and anesthesiologist assistants, podiatrists, and physicians who hold limited temporary permits may be found at:
<http://www.docboard.org/vt/df/vtsearch.htm>

State license numbers for dentists, naturopathic physicians, nurse practitioners, optometrists, osteopaths, pharmacists, clinical social workers, psychologists, and others who may be authorized to dispense or recommend prescribed products for humans may be found at: <http://www.sec.state.vt.us/seek/lrspseek.htm>

You *must* disclose reportable expenditures even if you are unable to find a license number. If you are unable to find a Vermont license number for a health care professional, contact the recipient directly for his or her license number or for the license number(s) of the appropriate health care professional(s) to whom the expenditure should be associated.

Alternative Aggregate Disclosure for gifts that are not banned and are of a fair market value below \$25 (for description, see “Value/Amount of Expenditure” below): Fill in “Aggregate” for name; tThe license number for aggregate disclosure is 000-0000000.

For Institutions and Organizations:

For any recipient who does not have a license – i.e., hospitals; nursing homes; health benefit plan administrators; others authorized to dispense or purchase prescribed products for distribution; academic institutions; and professional, educational, and patient organizations representing or serving ~~health care providers~~HCPs or consumers – insert the name of the entity-recipient into the “Last Name” field, and fill in the Federal Tax ID number of the recipient. Where possible, please use the name of the entity-recipient provided in the Access database and in the “[Table of Entity-Recipients](#)” available at www.atg.state.vt.us. *Caution: This table is meant to facilitate the standardization of the naming of institutional and organizational recipients and is NOT an exclusive list of entity-recipients that constitute covered recipients under the law.*

Date Expenditure Incurred:

Indicate the date on which the expenditure was made or gift given to the covered recipient.

Alternative Aggregate Disclosure (for description, see “Value/Amount of Expenditure” below):
The date for aggregate disclosure is December 31, 201~~2~~⁴, the last day of the reporting period.

Value/Amount of Expenditure:

Provide the fair market value of the economic benefit associated with the expenditure or gift, rounded to the nearest dollar.

For *loans* of medical devices, report a monetary value of \$0. However, for permitted gifts of medical device demonstration and evaluation units, report the fair market value.

Alternative Aggregate Disclosure: For gifts that are not banned but are of a fair market value below \$25, such as a small number of educational brochures provided to a

~~health care provider~~HCP, the manufacturer may elect to report the expenditures for all Vermont ~~health care providers~~HCPs in the aggregate. For items that are not customarily sold, such as educational brochures for patient use, the value is the manufacturer's cost of production. For items that are produced for national use, the manufacturer may report a value of the portion of the manufacturer's total national cost attributable to Vermont, which shall be calculated as the percentage of Vermont physicians as compared to all physicians nationally. **For purposes of 20121 reporting, Vermont's allocation of national expenditures is 0.25% (multiply the national total by 0.0025).**

If audited, manufacturers should be able to provide the following details about educational materials reported in the aggregate: a description of each book or pamphlet, etc., distributed, the approximate number distributed to Vermont HCPs, and, where applicable, the cost of producing the materials for national distribution.

Multi-Prescriber Practices: The value of a permitted gift or an allowable expenditure when provided to a practice with multiple ~~health care providers~~HCPs must be allocated among the relevant prescribers. For example:

- If the gift is a \$160 model of a leg used to explain what occurs when a knee is replaced, and the office has two physicians who might use it and three who would not, the expense should be divided by two and attributed to the two who would use the model. If the manufacturer does not know how many physicians in the office would use the model, the expense should be divided by five and attributed to each physician in the practice.

Nature of Expenditure:

Choose the appropriate nature of expenditure from the field values provided in the drop down list: **Cash, Check or Credit Card, Educational Materials, Demo/Evaluation Unit, Loan of Medical Device, Other Product – Prescribed, Other Product – OTC, or **Other****. If you choose "Other" you must fill in the "Other" description field to the right of the drop down.

Do not choose "Other" unless the expenditure does not fit into any other category.

Other Product – Prescribed/Other Product – OTC: Other Product-Prescribed and Other Product-OTC refer to donations of prescribed or non-prescribed product to free clinics, and non-prescribed product distributed to HCP recipients for free distribution to patients, all of which are properly reported with allowable expenditures and permitted gifts. The distribution of samples must be reported as such using the samples database or form.

Purpose of Expenditure:

Identify the primary purpose of the expenditure from the field values in the drop down box. *Do not choose "Other" or "Other FMV Payment" unless the expenditure does not fit into any of*

the other supplied categories.

Conference Sponsorship: A payment to the sponsor of a significant educational, medical, scientific, or policy-making conference or seminar is an allowable expenditure, provided (1) the payment is not made directly to a ~~health-care provider~~HCP or pharmacist, (2) the funding is used solely for bona fide educational purposes, and, at the sponsor's discretion, meals and food for conference participants, and (3) all program content is objective, free from industry control, and does not promote specific products.

Faculty Honoraria/Speaker Fee and Faculty Expense: Honoraria and payment of the expenses of a ~~health-care provider~~HCP who serves on the faculty at a bona fide significant educational, medical, scientific, or policy-making conference or seminar constitute allowable expenditures as long as (1) there is an explicit contract with specific deliverables which are restricted to medical issues, not marketing activities, and (2) the content of the presentation is determined by the ~~health-care provider~~HCP. Note that "bona fide significant educational, medical, scientific, or policy making seminar," is defined by statute.

Scholarship/Fellowship: Scholarship or other support for medical students, residents, and fellows to attend a significant educational, scientific, or policy-making conference or seminar of a national, regional, or specialty medical or other professional association is a permitted gift as long as the recipient of the scholarship or other support is selected by the association.

Educational Materials: The provision, distribution, dissemination, or receipt of peer-reviewed academic, scientific, or clinical articles or journals and other items such as patient brochures or posters that serve a genuine educational function provided to a ~~health-care provider~~HCP – whether individually, through a practice, or by distribution at a conference or seminar, for example – for the benefit of patients is a permitted gift.

Medical Device – Loans, Demos: The loan of a medical device for a maximum trial period of 120 days to permit evaluation of the device by a ~~health-care provider~~HCP or patient, and the provision of reasonable quantities of medical device demonstration or evaluation units to a ~~health-care provider~~HCP to assess the appropriate use and function of the product and determine whether and when to use or recommend the product in the future are permitted gifts.

Medical Device Training – Compensation and Medical Device Training – Other Expenses: Payment to ~~health-care providers~~HCPs or payment or reimbursement for the reasonable expenses, including travel, food, and lodging-related expenses, necessary for technical training of individual health care professionals on the use of a medical device constitute allowable expenditures as long as the commitment to provide such expenses and the amounts or categories of reasonable expenses to be paid are described in a written agreement between the ~~health-care provider~~HCP and the manufacturer. Note that fair market value payments to professionals for training patients on medical devices should be reported as an FMV Payment, not as Medical Device Training – Compensation.

Clinical Trials and Research: There are three kinds of allowable expenditures associated with bona fide clinical trials and qualifying research projects:

- Gross compensation for the Vermont location or locations involved;
- Direct salary support per health care professional and/or principal investigator; AND
- Expenses paid on behalf of health care professionals and/or investigators.

Designate which kind of expenditure you are reporting by choosing the appropriate value from the “Purpose of Expenditure” drop down menu. If the clinical trial is funded through a “per enrolled patient fee” that does not itemize component costs, or if data as to clinical trial or research expenditures was gathered prior to July 1, 2011 and without regard to these three statutory categories in reliance on the Office’s previous practice of not requiring such specificity, the total of those fees should be reported as gross compensation.

A Note on Special Rules for Clinical Trials

Definitions: Allowable expenditures for clinical trials are limited to payments for “bona fide clinical trials.” A “clinical trial” is a study assessing the safety or efficacy of prescribed products administered alone or in combination with other prescribed products or other therapies, or assessing the relative safety or efficacy of prescribed products in comparison with other prescribed products or other therapies. A “bona fide clinical trial” includes only an FDA-reviewed clinical trial that constitutes “research” as that term is defined in 45 C.F.R. § 46.102, and reasonably can be considered to be of interest to scientists or health care professionals working in the particular field of inquiry.

Allowable Expenditures: As noted above, the only allowable expenditures for a clinical trial are: (1) gross compensation for the Vermont location or locations involved, (2) direct salary support per principal investigator and other health care professionals per year, and (3) expenses paid on behalf of investigators or other health care professionals paid to review the clinical trial.

Confidentiality Provisions: If a clinical trial contract entered into before July 1, 2009, contains confidentiality provisions protecting the identity of or amount of any expenditure to a recipient, the names and amounts must be reported but will be kept confidential by the Attorney General’s Office.

Any contract for a clinical trial entered into on or after July 1, 2009, must not contain a confidentiality clause that would violate Vermont’s disclosure law.

Delayed Disclosure/Minimum Information: Expenditures for bona fide clinical trials shall be disclosed after the earlier of the date of the approval or clearance of the prescribed product by the Food and Drug Administration for the use for which the

clinical trial is being conducted or four calendar years after the date the payment was made, *except that* for a clinical trial for which disclosure is delayed, the manufacturer shall identify minimum information to the Attorney General regarding the clinical trial.

Each year, sSend the minimum clinical trial information to the Attorney General's Office in an email to: prescribedproducts@atg.state.vt.us, with "clinical trial notification" and the year of the delay in the subject line. Thus if a clinical trial started April 1, 2009, the subject line for notifications related to the 2012 report would be "Clinical Trial Notification – Year 32." All expenses from 2009 through 2013 would be reported by April 1, 2014, and the expenses for the previous calendar year by April 1, 2015, and annually thereafter. Should the clinical trial be completed or discontinued prior to January 1, 2014, the expenses would be reported by April 1 of the year of completion. The minimum information is: the name of the clinical trial, the start date, and the web link to the clinical trial registration on the national clinical trials registry: <http://clinicaltrials.gov>.

Information regarding all ongoing clinical trials must be reported. The minimum information must be provided if the trial is less than four calendar years old and the FDA has not approved or cleared the prescribed product for the use for which the trial is being conducted. The complete information must be reported on the expenditures for the trial incurred since July 1, 2009, for pharmaceutical manufacturers, or incurred since January 1, 2010, for manufacturers of biological products or medical devices. Expenditures made prior to those dates need not be reported.

Thus, for any bona fide clinical trial, the manufacturer shall report to the Attorney General on an annual basis either the expenditures associated with the trial or the minimum information regarding the clinical trial at the close of the reporting period in which the trial began and for subsequent years until (1) all expenses are reported, (2) four years have elapsed, (3) the FDA has approved the product, or (4) the trial has been discontinued, whichever occurs first.

Consulting: Compensation to a recipient for consulting services constitutes an allowable expenditure as long as the compensation constitutes a payment of fair market value (or an "FMV" payment) for those services.

Free Distribution to Patients: The provision of reasonable quantities of an over-the-counter drug, non-prescription medical device, or item of non-prescription durable medical equipment provided to a HCP for free distribution to patients and the provision of free drugs, medical devices, biological products, or medical equipment or supplies to a free clinic are permitted gifts.

Gift to Institution/Organization: The provision of free prescription drugs, or over-the-counter drugs, medical devices, biological products, medical equipment or supplies, or fFinancial donations to a free clinic are permitted gifts.

Other FMV Payment: If you choose “Other FMV Payment,” you must fill in the “FMV Payment Description” field below the drop down menu. An “FMV Payment” is a reasonable fee, payment, subsidy, or other economic benefit provided by a manufacturer of prescribed products to a covered recipient at fair market value. An example of an “FMV payment” (other than payments for consulting services, see “Consulting” above) might include compensation to a health care ~~provider~~ professional for speaking at a promotional program or compensation to a health care professional for training patients on the use of a medical device. *Do not use “Other FMV Payment” unless the expenditure does not fit into any of the fields above.*

If audited, manufacturers should be able to demonstrate through documentation the precise nature of the goods and/or services for which the fair market value payment was made.

Other: If you choose “Other,” you must fill in the “Other” description field to the right of the drop down. *Do not use “Other” unless the expenditure does not fit into any of the fields above.*

Product Type and Name:

The manufacturer must identify the type and name of the ~~prescribed~~ product or products which are associated with the reported expenditure. If more than five ~~prescribed~~ products are associated with the reported payment or gift, the manufacturer must list the five ~~prescribed~~ products most relevant to the expenditure. Choose product type from the drop down list. Fill in product name in the field to the right of the product type.

“Over the Counter Product” means reasonable quantities of over-the-counter drugs, nonprescription medical devices, and items of nonprescription durable medical equipment provided to a ~~health care provider~~ HCP for free distribution to patients or provided to a free clinic.

III. Reporting Samples

Please see Appendix A for example sample disclosures.

The statutory definition of “sample” is: “a unit of a prescription drug, biological product, or medical device that is not intended to be sold and is intended to promote the sale of the drug, product, or device. The term includes starter packs and coupons or other vouchers that enable an individual to receive a prescribed product free of charge or at a discounted price.”

~~Samples Prescribed product distributed through clinical trials or qualifying research projects donated to free clinics~~ should not be included in the Samples Access database or Samples Disclosures Form, but must be reported with disclosures of allowable expenditures and permitted gifts.

In at least two ways, manufacturers of prescribed products which distribute samples to Vermont

~~health care provider~~HCPs must report more to the Vermont Attorney General than is required to be reported to the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) under the HR 3590 (The Patient Protection and Affordable Health Care Act). The federal act does not preempt Vermont law. First, Vermont’s requirements regarding sample reporting are broader than federal requirements in that samples of all prescribed products – not only pharmaceuticals – must be reported. Second, Vermont’s statutory definition of samples includes starter packs and vouchers, co-pay cards and other items that allow patients access to samples for free or at a discounted price.

The Vermont legislature is willing to exempt pharmaceutical manufacturers from submitting to Vermont a duplicate of the information they are required to report to the HHS, if the Vermont Attorney General can obtain state- and recipient-specific information regarding manufacturer distribution of free samples from HHS. However, because the Attorney General has not yet been notified that he will receive recipient-specific information from manufacturers’ reports to the Secretary of HHS, all manufacturers must report directly to the Vermont Attorney General their distribution of *all* types of samples to *all* Vermont ~~health care providers~~HCPs.

a. Rule for Reporting

Rule: If an item arguably could fall into either of two categories requiring disclosure, one of which is an allowable expenditure or permitted gift, and the other a sample, the manufacturer must report the item as the expenditure or gift, NOT as a sample. For example:

- Though a manufacturer may refer to an evaluation unit or demonstration unit of a medical device as a “sample,” the distribution of such a unit must be reported as a permitted gift under Vermont law, not as a sample, even if, e.g., the free evaluation device is a single use, disposable product that will be assessed by using it with a patient.
- If a “starter pack” contains only educational materials, then the starter pack must be reported as a permitted gift – in the aggregate or not as the manufacturer chooses.
- ~~Samples distributed through clinical trials or qualifying research projects-Donations of prescribed product to free clinics~~ should not be reported as samples, but rather with allowable expenditures and permitted gifts (as a permitted gift).

b. Instructions for Completing Reporting

An [Access database](#) and a [disclosure form](#) for the reporting of samples are available on the Vermont Attorney General’s website, www.atg.state.vt.us. ~~In addition, several examples of completed forms will be posted to the website shortly after the publication of this guide.~~ These are different from the database and form for the disclosure of allowable expenditures and permitted gifts. Manufacturers are encouraged to use the Access database as the more efficient method of compiling and submitting the data to the Attorney General.

Samples may include product, vouchers and similar financial incentives, educational materials, non-prescribed items, and other items. Manufacturers must indicate the contents of a sample or starter pack and provide details.

~~We will not require reporting of distributions made through patient assistance programs for past years, including FY11 (July 1, 2010 through June 30, 2011), even though the statutory provision eliminating patient assistance program reporting does not go into effect until July 1, 2011.~~

Except as otherwise provided below, the manufacturer need not assign a monetary value to a sample when reporting.

Name of Manufacturer:

See Section II. a., above, for details on reporting manufacturer name.

Name and License/ID Number of Recipient:

See Section II. a., above, for more details on reporting of recipients.

Unlike federal law on product samples, only the person who requested the samples constitutes the recipient.

Fill in the last name, first name, and middle initial of the recipient, as well as the state license number of the recipient.

Use the “[Table of Health Care Professionals with Active Vermont Licenses](#)” provided in the Access database and at www.atg.state.vt to assure accuracy of the name and license number of individuals. If a recipient is not on that table, check the websites listed in Section II. a., above, or obtain from the recipient the correct name and license number under which the recipient is providing health care services in Vermont.

If the recipient is not an individual, insert the name of the recipient-entity into the “Last Name” field and fill in the Federal Tax ID number of the recipient. Where possible, please use the name provided in the Access database and in the “[Table of Entity-Recipients](#)” available at www.atg.state.vt.us.

~~Manufacturers who distribute vouchers that are offered and redeemed at individual locations of a chain pharmacy may use 111-1111111 in lieu of the individual Federal Tax ID number of the location when reporting such samples.~~

If the samples do not include prescribed product and the recipient is a hospital, nursing home, or pharmacy, simply name the recipient and fill out the contents block and other applicable blocks. If the samples do not include prescribed product and the recipient is a medical practice, the number of units (or partial units) must be allocated among the relevant ~~health-care provider~~HCPs in the medical practice, as discussed in Section II.a., “Value/Amount of Expenditure,” for multi-prescriber practices. For example:

- If 100 vouchers for a drug are distributed to a practice with 20 ~~health-care provider~~HCPs, all of whom might distribute the vouchers to patients, or if the manufacturer’s sales representative does not know which providers might distribute the vouchers, the

manufacturer should make 20 disclosures of 5 units to each ~~health-care provider~~HCP and include the license number of each ~~health-care provider~~HCP.

- If, because of their specialties, only five of the ~~health-care provider~~HCPs in the medical practice would use the vouchers, the manufacturer should make five disclosures, disclosing ~~of~~ 20 units for each of the five ~~health-care provider~~HCPs, along with the license number of each ~~health-care provider~~HCP.

Date Delivered and Number of Samples:

Date Delivered: Indicate the date on which the samples were distributed to the HCP.

Number of Samples: For each type of sample delivered on the delivery date, indicate the number of samples distributed to the ~~health-care provider~~HCP. If several types of samples were delivered on the same day, complete multiple records in the Access database or multiple Samples Disclosure Forms. As a general rule, the number of samples should approximate the number of patients that could potentially receive the Sample rather than the number of physical things (cases of pills; books of coupons) given to a prescriber. For example, a book of 25 vouchers should be reported as 25 samples, not 1 sample.

Contents:

Check *all applicable* boxes (Prescribed Product; Vouchers, Coupons, Copay Cards, Etc., and Other) to describe the content of the sample (refer to the descriptions below). More detailed information is required for all checked categories. *If the only contents are educational materials, or other permitted gifts, report with allowable expenditures and permitted gifts, NOT as samples.*

Note that if there are more than three of any of the three categories of contents associated with a single sample, all of the information will not fit on the disclosure form. Such disclosures should be made through the database rather than the form.

Prescribed Product:

If the sample includes a prescribed product, check the box in “Contents,” above, and provide detail. A product sample can have any number of units of a prescribed product, and may or may not be called a “starter pack.” If a sample includes more than one prescribed product, describe each prescribed product on successive lines in the Access database or successive lines on the Samples Disclosure Form. *Prescribed product delivered to patients or to ~~health-care provider~~HCPs for distribution or administration to patients under Patient Assistance Programs need not be reported.*

Prescribed Product Type: Indicate type of product included in sample: pharmaceutical, biologic, medical device, or combination.

Prescribed Product Name: State the name of the product included in the sample.

Units/Sample: Indicate the number of prescribed products included in each sample; e.g.,

enter “7” if 7 capsules are included per sample, “50” if 5 blister packs with 10 capsules per blister pack are included per sample, “10” if 1 blister pack with 10 capsules ~~per blister pack~~ is included per sample, “200” if a sample inhaler contains 200 inhalations, or “10” if 10 burn pads are included per sample.

Dosage: Indicate dosage per unit; e.g. enter “50 milligrams per capsule” or “100 milligrams per inhalation.” Use N/A if the product does not have a dosage, for example, for burn pads.

Description: Describe product; e.g., enter “capsule,” “inhaler,” “burn pad.”

See Appendix A, examples A, E, F and G.

Vouchers, Coupons, Co-Pay Cards, Etc.:

If the sample includes vouchers, coupons, co-pay cards, or the like, that enable a patient to obtain prescribed product for free or at a discounted price, check the box in “Contents,” above, and provide detail. Vouchers obtained directly by the patient, i.e., not distributed by the manufacturer to a doctor, pharmacist, or other ~~health care provider~~ HCP, need not be reported.

If a sample includes more than one kind of voucher, coupon, co-pay card or similar incentive, describe each on successive lines in the Access database or on the Samples Disclosure Form.

Prescribed Product Type: Indicate type of product promoted by the voucher: pharmaceutical, biologic, medical device, or combination.

Prescribed Product Name: State name of product promoted by the voucher.

- Use N/A if the vouchers are not tied to particular products.
- If multiple products are promoted by the voucher, enter “multiple products” and name each product in Description of Product/Discount.
- If multiple manufacturers have partnered to offer a co-pay card or other type of voucher, enter “multiple manufacturers” and in Description of Product/Discount name *each product* of the reporting manufacturer offered through the voucher, as well as the names of the other manufacturers in the partnership.

Vouchers/Sample: Indicate the number of vouchers provided to the ~~health care provider~~ HCP in each sample; e.g., enter “5” if each sample contains 5 coupons. Manufacturers must report the quantity of vouchers provided to the ~~health care provider~~ HCP, not necessarily the quantity redeemed by patients. The number provided may equal the number redeemed, for example, if individual vouchers are generated and redeemed at a pharmacy at point of sale.

Description of Product/Discount: Describe the quantity and nature of the product being promoted; e.g. enter “7 pills,” “10 burn pads,” or “up to 30 capsules.” Also describe the discount being offered through the voucher; e.g., enter “\$5 rebate,” “\$5 off sales price,” or “10% discount.”

See Appendix A, examples B, C, D, and E.

Other, (Including Non-Prescribed Items and Educational Materials):

Do not use “Other” unless the sample does not fit into one of the supplied categories.

If the sample includes materials given by a manufacturer to a ~~health care provider~~HCP for distribution to patients including (1) non-prescribed items that allow a patient to more readily use a prescribed product but that would otherwise be a banned gift, (2) other incentives that allow a patient to access a prescribed product for free or at a discounted price, or (3) educational materials, check the box for “Other (including Non-Prescribed Items and Educational Materials) in “Contents,” above, and provide detail. If a sample includes more than one “Other” item, describe each on successive lines in the Access database or on successive lines on the Samples Disclosure Form.

A sample, including a starter pack or kit, must be reported as a permitted gift and not as a sample if it contains *only* educational material or other permitted gifts.

Do not use “Other” unless the sample does not fit into one of the supplied categories.

Product Type: Indicate type of prescribed product promoted by the non-prescribed or other materials: pharmaceutical, biologic, medical device, or combination.

Prescribed Product Name: State name of the prescribed product promoted by the non-prescribed or other materials.

- Use N/A if the other materials are not tied to particular prescribed products.
- If multiple products are promoted by the other materials, enter “multiple products: and name each product in the Description of Product/Discount field.

Other Sample Type: Indicate the type of material included in the sample by choosing “Non-Prescribed Item,” “Educational Materials” or “Other” from the drop-down menu.

Description of Item/Discount/Material: Describe the non-prescribed item or other incentive or material; e.g., “timer,” “over the counter drugs,” “over the counter creams,” “a pill container divided for days of the week,” or “diabetes pamphlet.” Also, describe the discount, if any; e.g., “\$5 rebate,” “\$5 off sales price,” “10% discount.”

Please note that similar or equivalent “other” items, such as educational materials, can be grouped together, i.e., as “owner’s booklet and other printed materials.”

See Appendix A, examples D, E, and F.

IV. Registration and Reporting Deadlines

Registration:

~~No later than January 1, 2012, each manufacturer of prescribed products that has distributed samples during the previous calendar year and made allowable expenditures or given permitted gifts during the previous six months (July 1, 2011 through December 31, 2011) must disclose to the Vermont Office of the Attorney General the name and address of the person responsible for the manufacturer's compliance with the reporting requirements corresponding to those reporting periods. The Attorney General's Office refers to that person as the "Compliance Officer." These manufacturers must pay a \$250 registration fee. Any manufacturers reporting *only* the distribution of samples for 2011 (January 1, 2011 through December 31, 2011) and that did not pay a \$500 registration fee on July 1, 2011, must pay a \$500 registration fee by January 1, 2012.~~

No later than ~~January 1 of each year, starting on~~ January 1, 2013, each manufacturer of prescribed products that has distributed samples, made allowable expenditures and/or given permitted gifts during the previous calendar year must disclose to the Vermont Attorney General's Office the name and address of the person responsible for the manufacturer's compliance with the reporting requirements for that year (the "Compliance Officer"). Manufacturers having anything to report for ~~the year~~2012 must pay an annual registration fee of \$500.

Choosing a Compliance Officer:

A compliance officer form is at the Attorney General's website, www.atg.state.vt.us. Submit all such forms by email using the button at the bottom of the form. *Do not print a form and then send it as a pdf or by mail either in addition to or in lieu of submitting the form by email. The Vermont Attorney General does not accept forms sent as a pdf or through the mail.*

Manufacturers who have nothing to report for the corresponding reporting period should not fill out a compliance officer form. To ensure receipt of electronic updates, email prescribedproducts@atg.state.vt.us and ask to be added to the list serve.

As long as the compliance officer form is clear, manufacturers may designate a single person responsible for reporting the activities of the entire company, or may designate different people responsible for reporting different product types; ((1) pharmaceutical products, (2) biological products, and (3) medical devices), or different activities ((1) samples, (2) allowable expenditures and permitted gifts, and (3) aggregate expenditures).

In addition to identifying the person responsible for overall compliance, the compliance officer form allows a company to designate an additional person responsible for collecting and reporting the data. Both will receive updates electronically from the Attorney General's Office.

If the manufacturer markets those products through a division, the expenditures should be reported in the name of the manufacturer, and the compliance officer form should be submitted in the name of the manufacturer.

If the manufacturer of prescribed products markets those products through a subsidiary, the expenditures should be reported in the name of the subsidiary, and the compliance officer form should be submitted in the name of the subsidiary.

Manufacturers MUST complete a new Compliance Officer form if the compliance officers leaves the manufacturer's employ or otherwise ceases to be responsible for compliance.

Paying the Registration Fee:

Mail ~~or send by overnight delivery~~ a check for ~~the applicable amount (\$250 or \$500)~~, made out to "State of Vermont," to:

Vermont Office of the Attorney General
Public Protection Division
109 State Street
Montpelier, VT 05609-1001

We do not accept credit cards.

If you send in a registration fee and later determine that you have no expenditures to report and would like a refund, after April 1, you must ~~, between April 1 and May 1,~~ put the request in writing to prescribedproducts@atg.state.vt.us with "Refund Request" in the subject line. ~~We will issue refunds after May 1~~ The Office will process the refund in 60 days.

If a manufacturer knows that it is *possible* that it has expenditures to report but cannot be sure by January 1, 2013, it should file the compliance officer form by January 1, 2013 indicating "no expenditures to report." As soon as the manufacturer determines that it has expenditures to report, the company must file a new compliance officer form and send in the registration fee. The Attorney General's Office will use the most recent compliance officer information.

To request the Vermont Attorney General's Tax ID number or W-9 form, write us at prescribedproducts@atg.state.vt.us with "Tax ID" in the subject line.

Reporting Deadlines:

Manufacturers must report to the Vermont Attorney General their allowable expenditures, permitted gifts, and distribution of samples by April 1, 2013 ~~of each year~~ for the previous 2012 calendar year. ~~The report due April 1, 2012 will cover the distribution of samples during calendar year 2011, and allowable expenditures made and permitted gifts given from July 1, 2011 through December 31, 2011 only. On April 1, 2013 and for every year thereafter, each April 1 report will include expenditures, gifts and samples for the previous calendar year.~~

Electronic Filing:

The Attorney General's office will only accept electronic filings; those filings must be submitted by one of two methods. A company can make disclosures either: (1) by downloading an Access database from the website, entering the data, and returning the database to the Attorney General's

office by email to webperson@atg.state.vt.us, or (2) by entering the data through a form on the Attorney General's website. Either process will require the username and password submitted in the Compliance Officer Form. *Do not print a form and then send it as a pdf or by mail either in addition to or in lieu of submitting the data electronically. The Vermont Attorney General does not accept forms sent as a pdf or through the mail.*

We highly recommend the first alternative as it includes a table of all Vermont ~~health-care provider~~HCPs with active licenses as of the beginning of the reporting period, including license numbers, as well as a table of entity-recipients. This ensures greater accuracy of submissions.

Manufacturers should make every effort to submit correct and complete data. For example, if a manufacturer is concerned that it may have the wrong license number for a prescriber, or if the manufacturer has not been able to locate the prescriber's license number by other means, the manufacturer should communicate with the prescriber to get the correct information before submitting the data.

Data that does not comply with this Guide will be returned to the compliance officer for corrections and resubmission. *The April 1, 2013 deadline for all submissions is not met for any data that is returned to the manufacturer for corrections unless it is resubmitted with no errors by April 1, 2013.*

Correcting Submitted Reports:

If you find that you have submitted incorrect data after your data has been submitted to and accepted by the Office of the Attorney General, send an email identifying both the submitted data and the corrected data to: prescribedproducts@atg.state.vt.us, with "Data Correction" in the subject line.

V. Public Disclosure of Reported Information

The Vermont Office of the Attorney General must produce public annual reports regarding allowable expenditures and permitted gifts and the distribution of samples in Vermont. After the report is issued, the Attorney General will make all disclosed data (other than the recipients of samples and over-the-counter drugs, nonprescription medical devices, or items of nonprescription durable medical equipment provided to a ~~health-care provider~~HCP for free distribution to patients or to a free clinic) publically available and searchable on an internet website.

Data relating to distribution of samples may be released by the Attorney General to academic researchers for analysis and aggregated public reporting as long as the data sent to the researchers does not include the names or license numbers of individual recipients.

Manufacturers were previously permitted to designate the disclosure of allowable expenditures and permitted gifts as "trade secret." After July 1, 2009, manufacturers may no longer do so. Consequently, although information designated in previous years' disclosures as trade secret will be kept confidential, data covering allowable expenditures and permitted gifts from July 1, 2009

on will be released to the public after the annual report is issued.

VI. Penalties for Gift Ban Violations and Failures to Report

The Vermont Attorney General may bring a civil suit for injunctive relief, costs, and attorney's fees for any violation of either the gift ban or reporting requirements. In addition, a manufacturer that fails to comply with the gift ban or fails to disclose under the law may be assessed a civil penalty of not more than \$10,000 per violation. Each action or failure to act that violates the law constitutes a separate violation. Failure to disclose is a separate violation from a violation of the gift ban.

Manufacturers ~~who that~~ realize that they ~~are have violated or may be~~ violating the ~~law-gift ban~~ or anticipate that they ~~will may be violating the law in the future~~ miss a disclosure deadline should be in touch with the Attorney General's Office at the earliest possible time. In any event, manufacturers should alert the Office as to potential or actual gift ban violations no later than the disclosure deadline for the corresponding reporting period. Such cooperation will be considered by the Office in deciding how to handle the violation.

~~In particular, After alerting the Office of the potential or actual gift ban violation,~~ manufacturers should verify whether they have violated the gift ban. Any expenditure that is not an allowable expenditure or a permitted gift is a banned gift.

~~-who realize they have violated the gift ban should first~~ After verifying that there has been a gift ban violation, manufacturers should attempt to recover the banned gift or the cost of the banned gift, and then formally report the gift by sending an email to prescribedproducts@atg.state.vt.us, with "banned gift" in the subject line. The report should include the value of the gift, the recipient's primary place of business and license or federal tax ID number, information about the manufacturer's attempts to recover the gift, the results of those attempts, and any other factors you wish the Office to consider. In contrast to gifts contemporaneously reimbursed at fair market value, the Office considers banned gifts reimbursed in the after-the-fact manner described in this paragraph to remain banned gifts even after reimbursement.

APPENDIX A

At the request of industry, the Office has put together some sample disclosure forms for reporting the distribution of samples and allowable expenditures related to the distribution of reasonable amounts of over the counter products. The descriptions below correspond to the sample completed forms.

Example A: Drug Sample – Prescribed Product

On January 10, 2012, ACME 123 Company distributed 2 samples of XYZ pill to Dr. John Q. Doe. Each sample consisted of a bottle of pills containing 50, 200 milligram pills.

Example B: Drug Sample – Voucher

On January 10, 2012, ACME 456 Company distributed a book of 25 vouchers to APRN Janice Q. Doe. Each voucher allowed for up to \$50 savings on a prescription and two refills of pharmaceutical DEF in any of three strengths each of the aerosol or powder formulations of the product.

Example C: Drug Sample – Voucher – Multiple Manufacturers

Manufacturers X Co., Y Co., and Z Co. have partnered to offer a voucher good for 25% off of certain of their prescription drugs. With respect to Manufacturer X's products, the voucher is good for 25% off of a single prescription of Manufacturer X Co.'s A, B, and C pills. On January 10, 2012, Manufacturers X Co., Y Co., and Z Co. distributed 50 of these vouchers to Dr. Jaye Q. Doe. Manufacturer X is reporting.

Example D: Drug Sample – Starter Pack with Prescribed Product, Literature and Non-Prescribed (Over the Counter) Item

On January 10, 2012, QRS Company distributed 10 starter packs of HIJ pill to APRN James Doe. Each starter pack contained 1 blister pack of 14, 100 milligram pills, an FDA label, a medication guide, and 1 tube TUV medicated lotion (a non-prescribed product) for treating dry skin associated with taking Pill HIJ.

Example E: Drug Sample – Starter Pack with Prescribed Product, Co-Pay Card and Literature

On January 10, 2012, RST LNE Company distributed 5 starter packs of NOP pill to Dr. Janelle Q. Doe. Each starter pack contained 1 bottle of 25, 50 milligram pills, 1 co-pay card allowing for up to \$20 off 6 prescriptions of a minimum, 30-day supply of NOP, a booklet entitled "Getting Started with NOP" and an FDA label.

Example F: Medical Device Sample – Starter Pack with Prescribed Product, Literature, and Other Items

On January 10, 2012, WXY Company distributed 5 starter packs to Dr. Jeremy Q. Doe. Each pack contained a JKL blood glucose meter, a package of 10 JKL blood glucose test strips, and a JKL lancing device. Each pack also contained a carrying case, a log book for recording blood glucose levels, and an owner’s booklet and other printed materials about the products in the starter pack.

Please note that non-prescription like items, such as educational materials, can be grouped together, i.e., as “owner’s booklet and other printed materials.”

If there are more than three prescribed products, vouchers, etc., or other items associated with a single sample, all of the information will not all fit on the disclosure form. Such disclosures should be made through the database rather than the form.

Example G: Biologic Sample – Prescribed Product

On January 10, 2012, KLMN Incorporated distributed 10 samples of RST vaccine to APRN Judith Q. Doe. Each sample included 1 vial of .5 milliliter RST hepatitis B immune globulin (HBIG) vaccine.

Example H: Expenditures Related to Distribution of Reasonable Quantity of Over the Counter (Non-Prescribed) Product

On January 10, 2012, ACME 789 Company distributed 5 packages of QRS Nicotine Gum to Dr. John Q. Doe for free distribution to patients. Each package contained 10 units of gum. In total, the gum had a value of \$15.

Please note that such expenditures should be disclosed with allowable expenditures and permitted gifts rather than as samples.

**Vermont Office of Attorney General
109 State Street
Montpelier, VT 05609-1001**



2012 Samples Disclosure Form for Manufacturers of Prescribed Products

Reporting Period: January 1, 2012 to December 31, 2012; Due Date: April 1, 2013

Name of Manufacturer		ACME 123 Co.		
Last Name of Recipient		Doe	First Name	John
Lic. Number/ID Number of Recipient		042-1234567		
Date Delivered		1/10/2012	Number of Samples	2
Contents (Check all that apply)		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prescribed Product	<input type="checkbox"/> Vouchers, etc	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Including Non-Prescribed Items or Educational Materials)
Prescribed Product				
Prescribed Product Type	Prescribed Product Name	Units/Sample	Dosage or N/A	Description
Pharmaceuticals	XYZ Pill	50	200 mg	Bottles of pills each containing 50 pills of 200 mg XYZ
Vouchers, Coupons, Co-Pay Cards, Etc.				
Prescribed Product Type	Prescribed Product Name, or N/A, Multiple Products, and/or Multiple Manufacturers	Vouchers/Sample	Description of Product/Discount	
Other (Including Non-Prescribed Items or Educational Materials)				
Prescribed Product Type	Prescribed Product Name, or N/A, or Multiple Products	Other Sample Type	Description of Item/Discount/Material	

Next Disclosure

Submit by Email

Print for Your Records

**Vermont Office of Attorney General
109 State Street
Montpelier, VT 05609-1001**

B

2012 Samples Disclosure Form for Manufacturers of Prescribed Products

Reporting Period: January 1, 2012 to December 31, 2012; Due Date: April 1, 2013

Name of Manufacturer		ACME 456		
Last Name of Recipient		Doe	First Name	Janice
Lic. Number/ID Number of Recipient		101-1234567		
Date Delivered		01/12/2012	Number of Samples	25
Contents (Check all that apply)		<input type="checkbox"/> Prescribed Product	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Vouchers, etc	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Including Non-Prescribed Items or Educational Materials)
Prescribed Product				
Prescribed Product Type	Prescribed Product Name	Units/Sample	Dosage or N/A	Description
Vouchers, Coupons, Co-Pay Cards, Etc.				
Prescribed Product Type	Prescribed Product Name, or N/A, Multiple Products, and/or Multiple Manufacturers	Vouchers/Sample	Description of Product/Discount	
Pharmaceuticals	DEF	1	Up to \$50 off product + 2 refills for three strengths each, aerosol or powder	
Other (Including Non-Prescribed Items or Educational Materials)				
Prescribed Product Type	Prescribed Product Name, or N/A, or Multiple Products	Other Sample Type	Description of Item/Discount/Material	

[Next Disclosure](#)

[Submit by Email](#)

[Print for Your Records](#)

**Vermont Office of Attorney General
109 State Street
Montpelier, VT 05609-1001**

C

2012 Samples Disclosure Form for Manufacturers of Prescribed Products

Reporting Period: January 1, 2012 to December 31, 2012; Due Date: April 1, 2013

Name of Manufacturer	X Co.		
Last Name of Recipient	Doe	First Name	Jaye MI Q
Lic. Number/ID Number of Recipient	042-9876543		
Date Delivered	01/10/2012	Number of Samples	50
Contents (Check all that apply)	<input type="checkbox"/> Prescribed Product <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Vouchers, etc <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Including Non-Prescribed Items or Educational Materials)		
Prescribed Product			
Prescribed Product Type	Prescribed Product Name	Units/Sample	Dosage or N/A Description
Vouchers, Coupons, Co-Pay Cards, Etc.			
Prescribed Product Type	Prescribed Product Name, or N/A, Multiple Products, and/or Multiple Manufacturers	Vouchers/Sample	Description of Product/Discount
Pharmaceuticals	Multiple Manufacturers	1	25% off 1 prescription of A,B or C pill; other manufacturers are Y Co., and Z Co.
Other (Including Non-Prescribed Items or Educational Materials)			
Prescribed Product Type	Prescribed Product Name, or N/A, or Multiple Products	Other Sample Type	Description of Item/Discount/Material

Next Disclosure

Submit by Email

Print for Your Records

**Vermont Office of Attorney General
109 State Street
Montpelier, VT 05609-1001**

D

2012 Samples Disclosure Form for Manufacturers of Prescribed Products

Reporting Period: January 1, 2012 to December 31, 2012; Due Date: April 1, 2013

Name of Manufacturer		QRS Co.		
Last Name of Recipient		Doe	First Name	James
Lic. Number/ID Number of Recipient		101-2345678		
Date Delivered		01/10/2012	Number of Samples	10
Contents (Check all that apply)		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prescribed Product	<input type="checkbox"/> Vouchers, etc	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other (Including Non-Prescribed Items or Educational Materials)
Prescribed Product				
Prescribed Product Type	Prescribed Product Name	Units/Sample	Dosage or N/A	Description
Pharmaceuticals	HIJ Pill	14	100 mg	Starter packs, each w/ 1 blister pack of 14, 100 mg pills
Vouchers, Coupons, Co-Pay Cards, Etc.				
Prescribed Product Type	Prescribed Product Name, or N/A, Multiple Products, and/or Multiple Manufacturers	Vouchers/Sample	Description of Product/Discount	
Other (Including Non-Prescribed Items or Educational Materials)				
Prescribed Product Type	Prescribed Product Name, or N/A, or Multiple Products	Other Sample Type	Description of Item/Discount/Material	
Pharmaceuticals	HIJ Pill	Educational Mate	FDA label	
Pharmaceuticals	HIJ Pill	Educational Mate	Medication Guide	
Pharmaceuticals	HIJ Pill	Non-Prescribed It	1 tube TUV medicated lotion for treating dry skin associated with taking Pill HIJ	

Next Disclosure

Submit by Email

Print for Your Records

**Vermont Office of Attorney General
109 State Street
Montpelier, VT 05609-1001**

E

2012 Samples Disclosure Form for Manufacturers of Prescribed Products

Reporting Period: January 1, 2012 to December 31, 2012; Due Date: April 1, 2013

Name of Manufacturer		RST LNE Co.		
Last Name of Recipient		Doe	First Name	Janelle
Lic. Number/ID Number of Recipient		042-3456789		
Date Delivered		01/10/2012	Number of Samples	5
Contents (Check all that apply)		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prescribed Product	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Vouchers, etc	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other (Including Non-Prescribed Items or Educational Materials)
Prescribed Product				
Prescribed Product Type	Prescribed Product Name	Units/Sample	Dosage or N/A	Description
Pharmaceuticals	NOP Pill	25	50 mg	Starter Packs, each with 1 bottle of 25, 50 mg pills
Vouchers, Coupons, Co-Pay Cards, Etc.				
Prescribed Product Type	Prescribed Product Name, or N/A, Multiple Products, and/or Multiple Manufacturers	Vouchers/Sample	Description of Product/Discount	
Pharmaceuticals	NOP Pill	1	1 co-pay card good for up to \$20 off 6 prescriptions of min. 30 day supply of NOP	
Other (Including Non-Prescribed Items or Educational Materials)				
Prescribed Product Type	Prescribed Product Name, or N/A, or Multiple Products	Other Sample Type	Description of Item/Discount/Material	
Pharmaceuticals	NOP Pill	Educational Mater	Booklet: "Getting started with NOP"	
Pharmaceuticals	NOP Pill	Educational Mater	FDA Label	

Next Disclosure

Submit by Email

Print for Your Records

**Vermont Office of Attorney General
109 State Street
Montpelier, VT 05609-1001**

F

2012 Samples Disclosure Form for Manufacturers of Prescribed Products

Reporting Period: January 1, 2012 to December 31, 2012; Due Date: April 1, 2013

Name of Manufacturer		WXY Co.		
Last Name of Recipient		Doe	First Name	Jeremy
Lic. Number/ID Number of Recipient		042-8765432		
Date Delivered		01/10/2012	Number of Samples	5
Contents (Check all that apply)		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prescribed Product	<input type="checkbox"/> Vouchers, etc	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other (Including Non-Prescribed Items or Educational Materials)
Prescribed Product				
Prescribed Product Type	Prescribed Product Name	Units/Sample	Dosage or N/A	Description
Medical Devices	JKL meter	1	N/A	Starter pack, each with 1 blood glucose meter
Medical Devices	JKL test strips	10	N/A	Blood glucose test strips
Medical Devices	JKL lancing device	1	N/A	Blood glucose lancing device
Vouchers, Coupons, Co-Pay Cards, Etc.				
Prescribed Product Type	Prescribed Product Name, or N/A, Multiple Products, and/or Multiple Manufacturers	Vouchers/Sample	Description of Product/Discount	
Other (Including Non-Prescribed Items or Educational Materials)				
Prescribed Product Type	Prescribed Product Name, or N/A, or Multiple Products	Other Sample Type	Description of Item/Discount/Material	
Medical Devices	Multiple products	Other	Carrying case for JKL meter, strips, lancing device	
Medical Devices	Multiple products	Other	Log book for recording glucose levels when using JKL meter, strips, lancing device	
Medical Devices	Multiple products	Educational Mater	Owner's booklet and other printed materials re: JKL meter, strips, lancing device	

Next Disclosure

Submit by Email

Print for Your Records

**Vermont Office of Attorney General
109 State Street
Montpelier, VT 05609-1001**

G

2012 Samples Disclosure Form for Manufacturers of Prescribed Products

Reporting Period: January 1, 2012 to December 31, 2012; Due Date: April 1, 2013

Name of Manufacturer		KLMN Inc.		
Last Name of Recipient		Doe	First Name	Judith
Lic. Number/ID Number of Recipient		101-3456789		
Date Delivered		01/10/2012	Number of Samples	10
Contents (Check all that apply)		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prescribed Product <input type="checkbox"/> Vouchers, etc <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Including Non-Prescribed Items or Educational Materials)		
Prescribed Product				
Prescribed Product Type	Prescribed Product Name	Units/Sample	Dosage or N/A	Description
Biologics	RST Vaccine	1	.5 ml	Vial of Hepatitis B Immune Globulin (HGIB), each with .5 ml
Vouchers, Coupons, Co-Pay Cards, Etc.				
Prescribed Product Type	Prescribed Product Name, or N/A, Multiple Products, and/or Multiple Manufacturers	Vouchers/Sample	Description of Product/Discount	
Other (Including Non-Prescribed Items or Educational Materials)				
Prescribed Product Type	Prescribed Product Name, or N/A, or Multiple Products	Other Sample Type	Description of Item/Discount/Material	

[Next Disclosure](#)

[Submit by Email](#)

[Print for Your Records](#)

**Vermont Office of Attorney General
109 State Street
Montpelier, VT 05609-1001**



2012 Disclosure Form for Manufacturers of Prescribed Products

**Reporting Period for Pharmaceuticals, Biologics and Medical Devices
January 1, 2012 to December 31, 2012; Due Date: April 1, 2013**

You must disclose allowable expenditures and gifts which are not banned.

Name of Manufacturer	ACME 789 Co.			
Last Name of Recipient	Doe	First Name	John	MI Q
Lic. Number/ID Number of Recipient	042-2345678			
Date Expenditure Incurred	01/10/2012			
Value/Amount of Expenditure	\$15.00			
Nature of Expenditure	Other Product - OTC			
Purpose of Expenditure	Free Distribution to Patients			

Prescribed Product(s) (up to five) to which expenditure or gift relates.

Product Type	Over the Counter Pr	Product Name	Nicotine Gum QRS; 5 packages, each with 10 units of gum
Product Type		Product Name	
Product Type		Product Name	
Product Type		Product Name	
Product Type		Product Name	

If filing disclosures for 2012, please send a check made out to "State of Vermont", for \$500 by January 1, 2013 to:

Office of the Attorney General
ATTN. Public Protection Division
109 State Street
Montpelier, VT 05609-1009

**Vermont Office of Attorney General
109 State Street
Montpelier, VT 05609-1001**

2012 Disclosure Form for Manufacturers of Prescribed Products

**Reporting Period for Pharmaceuticals, Biologics and Medical Devices
January 1, 2012 to December 31, 2012; Due Date: April 1, 2013**

You must disclose allowable expenditures and gifts which are not banned.

Name of Manufacturer			
Last Name of Recipient		First Name	MI
Lic. Number/ID Number of Recipient			
Date Expenditure Incurred			
Value/Amount of Expenditure			
Nature of Expenditure	<input type="checkbox"/>	If "Other"	
Purpose of Expenditure	<input type="checkbox"/>	If "Other"	
FMV Payment Description			

Prescribed Product(s) (up to five) to which expenditure or gift relates.

Product Type	<input type="checkbox"/>	Product Name	
Product Type	<input type="checkbox"/>	Product Name	
Product Type	<input type="checkbox"/>	Product Name	
Product Type	<input type="checkbox"/>	Product Name	
Product Type	<input type="checkbox"/>	Product Name	

If filing disclosures for 2012, please send a check made out to "State of Vermont", for \$500 by January 1, 2013 to:

Office of the Attorney General
ATTN. Public Protection Division
109 State Street
Montpelier, VT 05609-1009

2012 Pharmaceutical Gift Disclosure Field Values

Nature of Expenditure

- Cash, Check or Credit Card
- Educational Materials
- Demo/Evaluation Unit
- Loan of Medical Device
- Other Product - Prescribed
- Other Product - OTC
- Other

Purpose of Expenditure

- Conference Sponsorship
- Faculty Honoraria/Speaker Fee
- Faculty Expense
- Scholarship/Fellowship
- Educational Materials
- Medical Device – Loans, Demos
- Medical Device Training - Compensation
- Medical Device Training - Other Expenses
- Bona fide Clinical Trial - Gross Compensation
- Bona fide Clinical Trial - Salary Support
- Bona fide Clinical Trial - Expenses
- Research Project - Gross Compensation
- Research Project - Salary Support
- Research Project - Expenses
- Consulting
- Free Distribution to Patients
- Gift to Institution/Organization
- Other FMV Payment
- Other

Product Type

- Pharmaceuticals
- Biologics
- Medical Devices
- Combination Product
- Over the Counter Product

**Vermont Office of Attorney General
109 State Street
Montpelier, VT 05609-1001**

2012 Samples Disclosure Form for Manufacturers of Prescribed Products

Reporting Period: January 1, 2012 to December 31, 2012; Due Date: April 1, 2013

Name of Manufacturer				
Last Name of Recipient		First Name	MI	
Lic. Number/ID Number of Recipient				
Date Delivered		Number of Samples		
Contents (Check all that apply)		<input type="checkbox"/> Prescribed Product <input type="checkbox"/> Vouchers, etc <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Including Non-Prescribed Items or Educational Materials)		
Prescribed Product				
Prescribed Product Type	Prescribed Product Name	Units/Sample	Dosage or N/A	Description
▼				
▼				
▼				
Vouchers, Coupons, Co-Pay Cards, Etc.				
Prescribed Product Type	Prescribed Product Name, or N/A, Multiple Products, and/or Multiple Manufacturers	Vouchers/Sample	Description of Product/Discount	
▼				
▼				
▼				
Other (Including Non-Prescribed Items or Educational Materials)				
Prescribed Product Type	Prescribed Product Name, or N/A, or Multiple Products	Other Sample Type	Description of Item/Discount/Material	
▼		▼		
▼		▼		
▼		▼		

Next Disclosure

Submit by Email

Print for Your Records

2012 Samples Disclosure Field Values

Product Type

Pharmaceuticals
Biologics
Medical Devices
Combination Product

Sample Type

Non-Prescribed Item
Educational Material
Other

Vermont Office of the Attorney General
109 State Street
Montpelier, VT 05609-1001

2012 Compliance Officer Form - Due Date: January 1, 2013

Section I: Manufacturing Company			
Name of Manufacturing Company		Type of Manufacturing, (check all that apply)	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Pharmaceuticals <input type="checkbox"/> Biologics <input type="checkbox"/> Medical Devices	
Address		City	State
			Zip Code
Telephone		Web Address	
Section II: Compliance Officer			
Name of Individual Responsible for Compliance		Title of Individual Responsible for Compliance	
Address		City	State
			Zip Code
Telephone		E-Mail Address	
Section III: Data Collection and Reporting (if different from Compliance Officer)			<input type="checkbox"/> Check if Same
Name of Individual Responsible for Data Collection		Title of Individual Responsible for Data Collection	
Telephone		E-Mail Address	
Section IV: Filing			
Will report 2012 expenditures by April 1, 2013 <input checked="" type="radio"/>		No 2012 expenditures to report <input type="radio"/>	
Select your own username and password			
Username	Re-type Username	Password	Re-type Password
Section V: Declaration			
<i>I certify that the information stated by me in this disclosure is true and accurate to the best of my knowledge.</i>			
<i>I understand that providing false information or omission of information is unlawful.</i>			
Certify by typing name		Submission Date	

Vermont requires electronic filing. Print this form for your records only.

Print

Submit

If filing disclosures for 2012, please send a check made out to "State of Vermont" for \$500 by January 1, 2013 to.

Office of the Attorney General
 Attn. Public Protection Division
 109 State Street
 Montpelier, VT 05609-1009